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## PERSONNEL SERVICES BULLETINS (PSBs)

**200-6R**

**Subject:** Probationary Period

**Supersedes:** Personnel Services Bulletin No. 200-6

**Source:** Personnel Rules and Regulations of the City of New York 5.2, 6.1.6, 6.2.2 and 6.6.3; General Examination Regulation E.20; New York Civil Service Law Sections 63 and 81.4; New York Military Law Section 243.9; and Citywide Agreement.

**Date:** April 17, 2000

### I. Background and Policy

For employees appointed from competitive civil service lists, the probationary period is the final phase of the selection process. Candidates must be notified in writing of the applicable probationary period before commencing employment. During this time, the agency should carefully evaluate the probationer's performance on factors not measured by the examination as well as the probationer's ability to apply previously tested knowledge.

Labor class, non-competitive class and exempt class employees also serve probationary periods.

The probationary period should be used to evaluate whether the probationer can and does perform the job satisfactorily. It should not be taken for granted, but should be used as a tool to identify those who do not perform competently. After the satisfactory completion of the probationary period, employees may gain certain statutory or contractual rights, which make it much more difficult to subsequently terminate the employees' services. It is every agency's responsibility to use the probationary period to ensure that the quality of New York City's work force remains high.

Employees appointed on a provisional or temporary basis do not serve probationary periods. Provisional employees covered by the Citywide Agreement gain disciplinary rights after two years of service, but are not considered to be permanent employees.

Furthermore, prior service as a provisional or temporary employee **cannot** be counted towards the completion of the probationary period when such employees are hired from an open competitive list unless the employee is in a title covered by the Citywide Agreement. (See PSB No. 200-11).

### A. Length of the Probationary Period

#### 1. Appointments from Open Competitive Lists

Unless otherwise provided in the Terms and Conditions of the certification for appointment, pursuant to the Personnel Rules and Regulations of the City of New York ("PRR"), all employees appointed

titles that have been classified as policy-making and/or confidential are classified as Part I titles in the non-competitive class and are excluded from CSL § 75 protection.

#### **4. Labor Class Appointments**

The probationary period for employees appointed to the labor class is one year (PRR Rule 5.2.1(a)). This probationary period cannot be waived.

#### **5. Exempt Class Appointments**

a. The probationary period for exempt class appointments is six months. This probationary period cannot be waived. Completion of the probationary period does not grant the exempt employee permanent tenure (PRR Rule 5.2.1(b)).

b. Exempt class employees are not covered by CSL § 75.

### **B. Extension of the Probationary Period**

1. At the written request of the agency specifying the reasons for the extension, and with the written consent of the probationer, the Deputy Commissioner for Citywide Personnel Services may authorize the extension of the probationary period for one or more additional periods totaling no more than six months (PRR Rule 5.2.8(a)).

2. The probationary period shall be extended by the number of days the probationer is absent or does not perform the duties of the position during both the original probationary period and the extended probationary period, if any (PRR Rule 5.2.1(b)). However, the employee must be so notified prior to the expiration of the original probationary period or the extension.

### **C. Military Service**

1. After appointment, time spent on military duty is credited toward satisfactory completion of the probationary period.

2. If an employee's probationary period is interrupted by an educational leave to attend a service school of the organized militia of the state or of the armed forces of the United States, the time on military educational leave shall **not** count as satisfactory probationary service. Therefore, the probationary period must be completed upon return to City service (PRR Rule 6.6.3).

### **D. Effects of Changes in Status on Probationary Period**

#### **1. Maturation of Competitive Trainees**

The Notice of Examination will define the probationary period for service in trainee positions and upon maturation to the permanent title.

#### **2. Transfers or Changes of Title**

##### **a. Voluntary Transfer - Same Title, Different Agency**

(i) If the probationary period was completed in the original agency, the employee does not serve a probationary period in the new agency.

(ii) If the probationary period was not completed in the original agency, the employee must serve the entire probationary period in the new agency.

##### **b. Voluntary Transfer - Different Title (PRR Rule 6.1.9), Same or Different Agency**

Although the employee must have completed the probationary period in the former title to be eligible for a change of title under PRR Rule 6.1.9, the employee must serve the full probationary period in the new

serve an additional probationary period is made by the hiring agency. If the hiring agency wants a probationary period upon reinstatement, the agency must request that the Deputy Commissioner for Citywide Personnel Services authorize the probationary period.

#### **5. Probationers Restored To Eligible Lists After Voluntary Separation (PRR Rule 5.2.6)**

##### **a. Rehired by Same Agency**

Probationers who voluntarily separate from City service, and are restored to the eligible list, and are selected from that list by the same agency for which they were previously employed, shall have the probationary time already served deducted from the length of their probationary periods.

##### **b. Selected by Different Agency**

If selected from that list by a different agency, such probationers will be required to serve a full probationary term, unless the agency wishes to credit the previous service.

#### **6. Probationary Employees Restored to Eligible Lists after Involuntary Separation**

At the discretion of the Deputy Commissioner for Citywide Personnel Services, the names of probationers whose services were terminated may be restored to their eligible lists if such lists are still in existence (PRR Rule 5.2.9). If such a probationer is hired by the same or different agency, the probationer must serve a new probationary period.

#### **E. Probationary Period for Employees Appointed from Open Competitive Lists on Leaves of Absence to Serve in Another Title**

When a probationer who has not completed the probationary term is granted a leave of absence to serve in another position in City service, the period of service in such other position(s) may, in the agency's discretion, be counted as satisfactory service toward completion of the probationary term. DCAS will consider all such service while on leave of absence as satisfactory probationary service in the leave of absence position unless the agency sends written notice to the DCAS Control and Service Division. Such notice must be sent before the one-year anniversary of the probationary appointment (i.e., the date of reporting to work in the probationary title after appointment from the list) to indicate that the agency does not want the service in the other title to be credited toward the completion of the probationary period. A copy of this notice should be given to the affected employee.

#### **F. Termination**

1. Employees may be terminated by the agency at any time during their probationary periods. The agency should not give such employees a reason for dismissal other than unsatisfactory probationary period.
2. If termination is desired prior to the minimum probationary period (two months for every appointment from an open competitive list or to a position in the labor class, four months for every promotion to a position in the competitive class), it must be shown to the satisfaction of the Deputy Commissioner for Citywide Personnel Services that the services of the probationer are unsatisfactory and the Deputy Commissioner for Citywide Personnel Services must approve such termination. There is no minimum probationary period for non-competitive and exempt class employees.
3. Notwithstanding the provisions above, when a probationer is required to complete a prescribed formal course of study or training which was approved by the Deputy Commissioner for Citywide Personnel Services, the agency may terminate such probation if he/she

waiver with Form DP-72. If the Deputy Commissioner for Citywide Personnel Services approves this waiver, the agency must notify the employee in writing. Regardless of whether a waiver is granted, the employee is considered to have resigned from the original title, by accepting the change in title (Form DP-72), and the appropriate agency must payroll the transfer and/or change of title. However, employees covered under PSB No. 200-10 who have not been granted a waiver will be granted a leave of absence for the duration of their probationary period in accordance with the procedures contained in that PSB.

### **C. Extension of the Probationary Period**

1. At least one month prior to the completion of the regular probationary period, the agency must notify the employee in writing that the employee's probationary period will be extended.
2. The notice should include a specific fixed period of extension. The probationary period may be extended one or more times for a period totaling not more than six months plus the number of days the probationer has been absent and/or has not performed the duties of the position, during both the original probationary period and the extended probationary period.
3. The employee must give unconditional written consent for that portion of the extension based on evaluation of performance.
4. Following this notice and consent, the agency must send a letter requesting the extension and stating the reasons therefor to the Control and Service Division immediately, but no less than two weeks before the extension begins. A copy of the employee's consent must be enclosed. The Control and Service Division will submit the request to the Deputy Commissioner for Citywide Personnel Services for approval.
5. In cases where the employee has been on leave of absence for all or part of the probationary period to serve in another City position, and the agency does **not** want to count the leave as satisfactory probationary service, the agency must send a letter to the Control and Service Division. Such letter may be submitted at the time the probationer is placed on leave of absence to serve in the other position but must be sent no later than one month before the one-year anniversary of the appointment to the leave title to indicate that the service in the other title should not be credited toward the completion of the probationary period. A copy of this notice should be given to the affected employee.

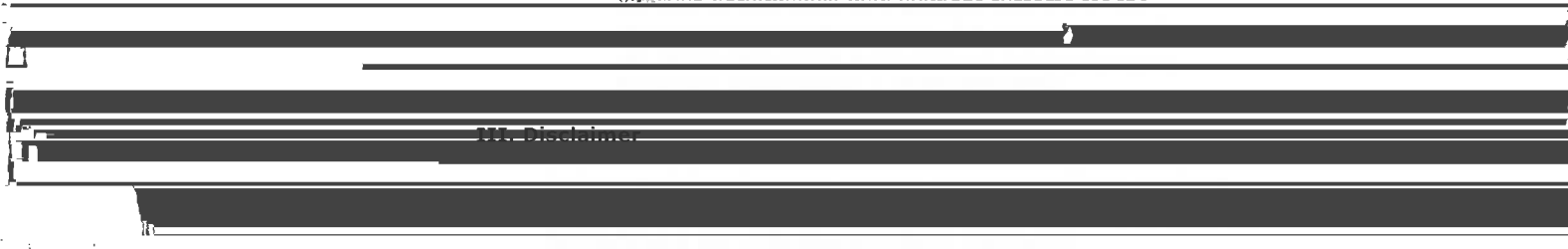
### **D. Termination Procedure**

At the end or at any time after the minimum probationary period, the agency may terminate the employment of any unsatisfactory probationer by giving written notice of the termination to the employee and the Deputy Commissioner for Citywide Personnel Services.

probationary term. The final probationary evaluation report should include only a recommendation to retain or terminate the probationer.

2. Probationary employees do not have the right to appeal their performance evaluations.

3. When requested, DCAS will, for a fee, provide consulting services to assist agencies in developing effective performance management systems for the



**III. Discipline**

William J. Diamond  
Commissioner

**Inquiries:** evaluation of employees during the probationary period  
Personnel Audits and Transactions (212) 669-2315 **Issue No. 6-2000**  
For information about these services call the Bureau of  
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