

Organization of Staff Analysts

Welfare Fund Analysis 2012

We continue our tradition of reporting to our members on a per capita basis, the amounts due to be received and the amounts actually spent on benefits. The city often pays late, but we count contractual monies whenever actually due, even if the city is late paying.

PER CAPITA ANALYSIS: INCOME

YEAR	COVERED MEMBERS	CONTRACT RATE \$	INVESTMENT INCOME \$	TOTAL INCOME \$
1990	598	825.00	9.60	834.60
1991	941	825.00	6.39	831.39
1992	3016	925.00	3.48	928.48
1993	3578.5	975.00	8.32	983.32
1994	3499	1075.00 (+ 20.00)	19.22	1114.22
1995	3355	1125.00	28.64	1153.64
1996	3547	1125.00	43.98	1168.98
1997	3505	1125.00	48.65	1173.65
1998	3491	1181.25	66.93	1248.18
1999	3691	1275.00	42.20	1317.20
2000	3937	1275.00	57.90	1332.90
2001	4665	1275.00	97.44	1372.44
2002	4896	1375.00	78.53	1453.53
2003	5025	1475.00	72.64	1547.64
2004	5187	1475.00 (+ 32.50)	74.32	1581.82
2005	5289	1475.00 (+ 82.50)	84.00	1641.50
2006	5455	1475.00 (+ 115.00)	116.41	1706.41
2007	5752	1575.00 (+ 65.00)	149.48	1789.48
2008	5713	1575.00 (+ 65.00)	142.64	1782.64
2009	6034	1575.00 (+ 65.00)	144.73	1784.73
2010	6256	1575.00 (+ 65.00)	159.18	1799.18
2011	6281	1575.00 (+ 65.00)	179.89	1819.89
2012	6003	1575.00 (+ 65.00)	177.21	1817.21

PER CAPITA ANALYSIS: OUTGO AND RESERVES

YEAR	LIFE INS.	LTD INS.	VISION	MAJOR MED	DENTAL	POST-1999 BENEFITS	ADMIN	TOTAL	RESERVES
1990	78.33	66.63	59.66	137.28	443.62		15.97	801.49	33.11
1991	72.79	62.67	72.27	110.50	434.62		4.13	756.98	74.41
1992	61.07	59.50	67.75	110.53	381.73		9.09	689.67	238.81
1993	49.49	52.53	64.73	143.36	422.67		42.87	775.65	207.67
1994	45.63	53.87	75.67	148.33	507.44		70.31	901.25	212.97
1995	45.20	48.20	89.85	151.11	552.46		93.56	980.38	173.26
1996	46.97	40.61	84.88	130.84	549.73		129.56	982.59	186.39
1997	40.45	37.83	84.89	158.08	528.97		119.85	970.07	203.58
1998	57.25	34.86	83.06	134.93	521.00		96.64	927.74	320.44
1999	65.55	45.41	79.18	101.76	532.24	4.92	106.10	935.16	382.04
2000	151.04	39.30	75.86	77.12	537.93	21.80	101.26	1003.81	329.08
2001	153.12	38.86	67.94	69.76	489.68	29.98	114.35	963.69	408.75
2002	167.79	105.36	82.19	93.38	592.19	42.49	137.60	1221.00	232.53
2003	147.98	94.09	138.00	102.84	674.76	63.10	132.87	1353.64	244.00
2004	157.51	91.48	131.66	110.51	798.79	73.06	132.77	1495.78	86.04
2005	172.62	88.47	155.36	105.30	757.85	89.45	137.14	1506.19	135.31
2006	158.55	77.23	154.19	115.22	721.61	60.34	124.08	1411.22	295.19
2007	148.81	79.23	167.20	107.03	725.95	62.69	119.44	1410.35	379.13
2008	148.54	73.83	164.66	104.29	650.96	89.55	117.21	1349.04	433.60
2009	143.29	70.31	170.90	61.66	704.18	153.40	122.07	1425.81	358.92
2010	141.59	53.95	174.84	80.60	625.57	109.54	132.56	1318.65	480.52
2011	147.14	56.97	181.59	76.47	706.14	110.44	167.49	1446.24	373.65
2012	135.32	52.96	189.38	97.06	733.94	112.15	120.40	1434.11	383.10

INTRODUCTION

More than forty years ago a dozen employees formed the Council of Personnel Examiners at the NYC Department of Personnel. They were seeking the right to collective bargaining. Their organization, later known as OSA, won that right, although it took a while.

Twenty-eight years ago, when the first 38 Staff and Associate Staff Analysts at the Board of Education were allowed to represent themselves, they were required to establish a welfare fund as part of their new status. A major help to the OSA Welfare Fund was a report issued by Jim Paul, the administrator of the Management Benefits Fund. Jim's report to the members of that fund broke down the overall costs into the cost of each benefit and reported it on a per capita (per member) basis. Thanks to that one analytical report by Jim Paul, the OSA leadership had a head start when they had to create the new union's welfare fund.

For the past 23 years, the OSA Welfare Fund has modeled its own report to its members on Jim's earlier report. We liked what he did and we've been doing it ever since.

Most members never read the report. So long as benefits are available without interruption or problem, few members focus on the how and why of the fund itself. This report is assembled and written each year for those who are interested and who take the time to study how we are doing and to understand what goes into the operations of the fund. In short, this report is written for you.

We have done well over the past twenty-eight years. There were no annual reports to the members over the first five years because fund membership was in the dozens before 1989 and reports were shared orally.

In 1990, detailed reports began to be published. We can now produce a chart showing annual membership, income and benefits pro-

vided for more than a score of years.

Many analysts like statistics and this chart tells a happy tale. The OSA Welfare Fund has grown steadily in number of members covered, has improved existing benefits and added new ones as well. Since our national economy was recently in recession and civil servants are under political attack, it is of importance that the chart also reflects the prudent accumulation of reserves year by year.

One proper goal of welfare fund trustees is to provide predictable, reliable benefits for the members and their families. We have learned that we can not depend upon the city, state or federal government to act with a fiscal prudence, so it is especially good that we have done so.

OUR 2012 REPORT

1. The Number of Covered Members includes 4122 active and 1881 retiree members. Of these, about 200 active and another 200 retired members are members of unions that have asked to join the OSA Welfare Fund. We are pleased to have them as members of our fund.
2. There was no contractual increase in welfare fund contributions for 2012.
3. Our Welfare Fund Investments are conservative (Federal bills, notes etc). As a result, our investment income was not seriously affected by the national economic crisis.
4. Total income is the contract rate plus investment income.
5. Our Life Insurance benefit is \$50,000 for active employees under age 65, a reduced amount for active employees over 65 and \$5,000 for retired members.

6. Our Long Term Disability insurance premiums have been low and going lower due to a switch in carrier. As of May 1, 2010, we signed again with the same company, which both lowered costs and improved the benefit. Any member newly disabled after May 1, 2010 will receive a payout of \$1,000 per month (after the six month waiting period), no longer subject to offset by social security or pension disability payments.
7. Our Vision Benefit is one of our most popular benefits. The allowance for “out-of-network” providers is now \$150, and equivalent improvements went into the “panel” contract. At present, unless you insist on designer frames, you should be able to get a pair of glasses for free from any optician who is part of the Davis Vision panel. Those of us still actively employed can also get a second pair, VDT glasses, at the same time, with a form from your employer.
8. Our Superimposed Major Medical benefit is one of our self-insured benefits. The SMMP helps with excessive hospital and drug bills.
9. Our Dental Coverage is handled by Self-Insured Dental Services of Valley Stream, Long Island and they have done a very good job. Their Metrodent panel provides a long list of dentists and the costs are controlled. Controlling cost is very important for a self-insured fund, but it is not the only issue. The Trustees increased dental reimbursement for providers on 7/1/02, and also raised the annual limit from \$2,500 to \$3,000 per member or dependent on 7/1/03. As you can see from the chart on the front page, these increases led to an increase in per capita cost from almost \$500 in 2001 to nearly \$800 in 2004.

Thereafter, the increase in per capita cost leveled off and the trustees felt it was possible to adjust the dental benefit once more. Our existing benefit for implants had required adjacent teeth to be sound and natural. Numerous appeals had been received by the trustees on this restriction.

As a result, the Trustees liberalized the rules, first on July 1, 2006, again on July 1, 2011 and again on July 1, 2012. Each time, it became easier to qualify for reimbursements for implants and, on July 1, 2012, the dental limit on reimbursements was raised to \$4,000 per year.

Now, as of July 1, 2013, the OSA Welfare Fund will no longer set any limit to the number of implants a patient seeks. The \$4,000 annual cap on reimbursement will naturally limit the number of implants reimbursed in any one “dental year.”

We are pleased that the dental implant program has been a success. Dental implants are expensive and a serious operation overall. Still, sometimes an implant is the best or only option. Also, when and if an implant is successfully in place, it apparently lasts as long as the patient who received it.

This change will tend to increase the cost of our dental program but, we hope and expect, only moderately.

10. The Post-1999 Benefits are:

Pension Counseling, which is a popular benefit, with costs both predictable and low. OSA’s counselors will sell you no insurance, stocks, bonds or annuities. Their only concern is to explain your pension benefits and options. **Cost: \$.64**

The Survivor Benefit had been increased to provide three years' paid health care (COBRA) for your spouse and children. Thus far, costs have been reasonable. **Cost: \$7.03**

The Drug Rider Reimbursement for retirees is clearly the most expensive of the "Post '99" benefits. Medicare-eligible retirees get \$50 per month subsidy payable annually from the Fund toward the extremely high cost of drug riders for those over 65 years of age. **Cost: \$104.47**

11. Our Administrative Expenses are the normal rent, salaries, office supplies, and equipment you would expect. As a benchmark, the Comptroller of NYC figures an administrative cost of between 10% and 15% is acceptable. Our earliest figures in this column are deceptive because, at first, the union subsidized the Fund to get it going.

12/13.

Total and Reserves. The total of all costs is subtracted from yearly income to generate the addition yearly to reserves on a per member basis.

Why do we need reserves? We need reserves because our Welfare Fund is largely a self-insured fund. In 1989, OSA priced Dental and Superimposed Major Medical insurance through actual insurance carriers. The Dental estimates were nearly double the expected costs for self-insurance and the Major Medical was out-of-sight. We chose to follow the Management Benefits Fund example and self-insure.

The NYC Comptroller recommends a two-year reserve be held by all self-insured funds, and we have now accomplished that goal. In

our first reporting year, 1990, the fund income from our contract was \$825 per capita. A two-year reserve would have been \$1,650 "in the bank." (That year, we had \$33.11 "in the bank.")

For 2012, the contract rate, again, remained at \$1,575 and a \$65 potentially recurring contribution came in as well. Our total receipt was \$1,640.

The city seems unwilling to add any increase to the current contractual rate and this situation may go on for a while. If this continues, the fact that the trustees have been careful to accumulate a reserve will enable the fund to avoid a reduction of benefits.

Avoiding any reduction of established benefits, even in abnormal periods, such as the recent recession, has been a goal of the OSA Welfare Fund trustees since the inception of the Fund.

On behalf of the trustees and staff, fraternally,

Sheila Gorsky,
Fund Administrator

Rose Collins, Yolanda Milanese, Michelle Rivas, and Vojna Stanic-Geraghty,
Member Benefits

Thomas Anderson, Robert J. Croghan, Bill Douglas, Jean Smith, and Wilfred St. Surin, Trustees

Russ Taormina, Observer